

Séminaire



Dr Xiaogang LIU

Department of Chemistry, National University
of Singapore, Singapore and Institute of
Materials Research and Engineering, A*STAR,
Singapore 117602

Controlling Photon Upconversion in Lanthanide-doped Nanocrystals

Lanthanide-doped nanoparticles exhibit unique luminescent properties, including a large Stokes shift, a sharp bandwidth of emission, high resistance to optical blinking, and photobleaching. Uniquely, they can also convert long-wavelength stimulation into short-wavelength emission. These attributes offer the opportunity to develop alternative luminescent labels to organic fluorophores and quantum dots. In recent years, researchers have taken advantage of spectral-conversion nanocrystals in many important biological applications, such as highly sensitive molecular detection and autofluorescence-free cell imaging. With significant progress made over the past several years, we can now design and fabricate nanoparticles that display tailorable optical properties. In particular, we can generate a wealth of color output under single-wavelength excitation by rational control of different combinations of dopants and dopant concentration. By incorporating a set of lanthanide ions at defined concentrations into different layers of a core-shell structure, we have expanded the emission spectra of the particles to cover almost the entire visible region, a feat barely accessible by conventional bulk phosphors. In this talk, I will highlight recent advances in the broad utility of upconversion nanocrystals for multimodal imaging, bio-detection, display and photonics.

Vendredi 11 décembre 2015 – Salle de l'œuf – 10h00

Contact CRPP : Serge RAVAINÉ (05 56 84 56 67)



université
de BORDEAUX

*Centre de Recherche Paul-Pascal
115 avenue Albert Schweitzer – PESSAC*